## **Amendments to the Claims:**

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application:

## **Listing of Claims:**

1. (Currently Amended) A method of transmitting a progressive video sequence (20) comprising steps of:

interlacing the video signal (20);

separating the video signal (20) into multiple streams of video signals (20); encoding the streams of video signals (20) using a plurality of encoders (304,306); and transmitting the separate streams of encoded signals to a network.

- 2. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 1 wherein the step of separating the video signal (20) into multiple streams comprises separating the video signal (20) into a stream of odd fields (32) and a stream of even fields (34).
- 3. (Currently Amended) A method of receiving a progressive video sequence (20) comprising the steps of:

receiving separate streams of encoded signals from a network;

decoding the separate streams of video signals (20) using a plurality of decoders (322,324);

de-interlacing the video signals (20) using a de-interlacer (326); and regrouping the streams to form a progressive video sequence (20).

4. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 3 wherein the progressive video sequence (20) comprises a series of video images and wherein the de-interlacer (326) reconstructs a corrupted image based on one or multiple received neighboring images.

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5. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 4 wherein the de-interlacer (326) reconstructs the corrupted signal using temporal information from the received signals.

6. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 3, wherein the de-interlacer (326) reconstructs the corrupted signal using spatial and temporal information from the received signals.

7. (Currently Amended) An improved method of receiving progressive video comprising:

receiving the encoded streams at a receiver (320); decoding the received streams of video; and reconstructing any portions of missing fields using de-interlacing algorithms.

8. (Original) The method of claim 7 wherein the de-interlacing algorithms employ spatial and temporal information from the received streams to reconstruct the missing fields.

9. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 8 wherein the step of separating the video comprises separating the video into a stream of odd fields (32) and a stream of even fields (34) wherein the odd fields (32) comprise odd scanning lines of the video and the even fields (34) comprise even scanning lines of the video.

10. (Currently Amended) A device for communicating a progressive video sequence (20) to a network comprising:

means for interlacing the video sequence (20); means for splitting the interlaced sequence into multiple streams of signals; means for separately encoding the multiple streams of signals; and

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means for transmitting the multiple streams of encoded signals over independent channels (308, 310).

11. (Currently Amended) A device for receiving a progressive video sequence (20) from a network comprising:

means for receiving multiple streams of encoded signals; means for separately decoding the multiple streams of signals; means for de-interlacing the decoded streams of signals; and means for regrouping the decoded streams into the video sequence (20).

- 12. (Original) The device of claim 11 wherein the means for de-interlacing uses temporal information to reconstruct a corrupted signal.
- 13. (Original) The device of claim 11, wherein the means for de-interlacing uses spatial and temporal information from the received corrupted signals.
- 14. (Currently Amended) The receiver (320) of claim 11, wherein de-interlacing is performed to reconstruct a signal that was corrupted during its transmission over the network.